

Integrating the *IMSA* with Bayesian Compressive Sensing for Solving Inverse Scattering Problems

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Abstract

A novel microwave imaging technique is proposed in this work for solving 2D transverse magnetic inverse scattering problems under the first order Born approximation. The developed strategy exploits the well-known regularization capabilities of Bayesian compressive sensing (*BCS*) and the progressively acquired information through a multi-resolution iterative approach. Towards this end, a customized relevance vector machine (*RVM*) solver is implemented to iteratively improve the *BCS* solution accuracy within the identified region of interest (*RoI*). Selected numerical results are shown to verify the effectiveness of the proposed methodology.

1 Numerical Results

1.1 Inhomogeneous Square Object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$

Test Case Description

Direct solver:

- Side of the investigation domain: $L = 6.0\lambda$
- Cubic domain divided in $\sqrt{D} \times \sqrt{D}$ cells
- Number of cells for the direct solver: $D = 1600$ (discretization = $\lambda/10$)

Investigation domain:

- Cubic domain divided in $\sqrt{N} \times \sqrt{N}$ cells
- Number of cells for the inversion:
 - First Step IMSA: $N^{(1)} = 100$ (discretization = $\lambda/10$)
 - Following Steps IMSA: $N^{(i)}$ not fixed, defined according to the estimated $RoI \mathcal{D}^{(i)}$

Measurement domain:

- Total number of measurements: $M = 60$
- Measurement points placed on circles of radius $\rho = 4.5\lambda$

Sources:

- Plane waves
- Number of views: $V = 60$; $\theta_{inc}^v = 0^\circ + (v - 1) \times (360/V)$
- Amplitude: $A = 1.0$
- Frequency: $F = 300$ MHz ($\lambda = 1$)

Background:

- $\varepsilon_r = 1.0$
- $\sigma = 0$ [S/m]

Scatterer

- Inhomogeneous square object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$
- $\varepsilon_r^{(1)} \in \{1.02, 1.04, 1.06, 1.08, 1.10, 1.12, 1.14, 1.16, 1.20\}$ (internal circle)
- $\varepsilon_r^{(2)} = \frac{\varepsilon_r^{(1)}}{2}$ (central circle)
- $\varepsilon_r^{(3)} = \frac{\varepsilon_r^{(1)}}{4}$ (external circle)
- $\sigma = 0$ [S/m]

1.1.1 Inhomogeneous Square Object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau^{(1)} = 0.02$ - IMSA-BCS reconstructed profiles

Figure 1: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau = 0.02$ - (a) Actual profile and (b)-(o) IMSA-BCS reconstructed profiles for (b)(e)(h) $SNR = 20$ [dB], (c)(f)(i) $SNR = 10$ [dB] and (d)(g)(l) $SNR = 5$ [dB] at the step (b)-(d) $S = 1$, (e)-(g) $S = 2$, and (h)-(l) $S = 3$.

	$SNR = 50dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	4.01×10^{-4}	1.93×10^{-4}	1.74×10^{-4}	1.74×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	3.57×10^{-3}	2.95×10^{-3}	2.78×10^{-3}	2.78×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	1.89×10^{-4}	9.03×10^{-6}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}
	$SNR = 20dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	4.11×10^{-4}	1.99×10^{-4}	1.72×10^{-4}	1.72×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	3.64×10^{-3}	3.00×10^{-3}	2.75×10^{-3}	2.75×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	1.95×10^{-4}	1.17×10^{-5}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}
	$SNR = 10dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	3.98×10^{-4}	1.98×10^{-4}	1.58×10^{-4}	1.58×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	3.46×10^{-3}	2.87×10^{-3}	2.53×10^{-3}	2.53×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	1.93×10^{-4}	1.98×10^{-5}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}
	$SNR = 5dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	4.15×10^{-4}	2.20×10^{-4}	1.30×10^{-4}	1.30×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	3.31×10^{-3}	2.76×10^{-3}	2.09×10^{-3}	2.09×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	2.18×10^{-4}	5.01×10^{-5}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}

Table I: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau = 0.02$ - Reconstruction errors: total (ξ_{tot}), internal (ξ_{int}) and external (ξ_{ext}) errors.

	$SNR = 50dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	148	148	148
$Q^{(S)}$	100	64	25	25
	$SNR = 20dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	148	148	148
$Q^{(S)}$	100	64	25	25
	$SNR = 10dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	148	148	148
$Q^{(S)}$	100	64	25	25
	$SNR = 5dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	175	175	175
$Q^{(S)}$	100	100	25	25

Table II: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau = 0.02$ - Investigation domain parameters: restricted investigation domain size $L^{(S)}$, total number of cells $N^{(S)}$ and number of cells within the restricted domain size $Q^{(S)}$.

1.1.2 Inhomogeneous Square Object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau^{(1)} = 0.04$ - IMSA-BCS reconstructed profiles

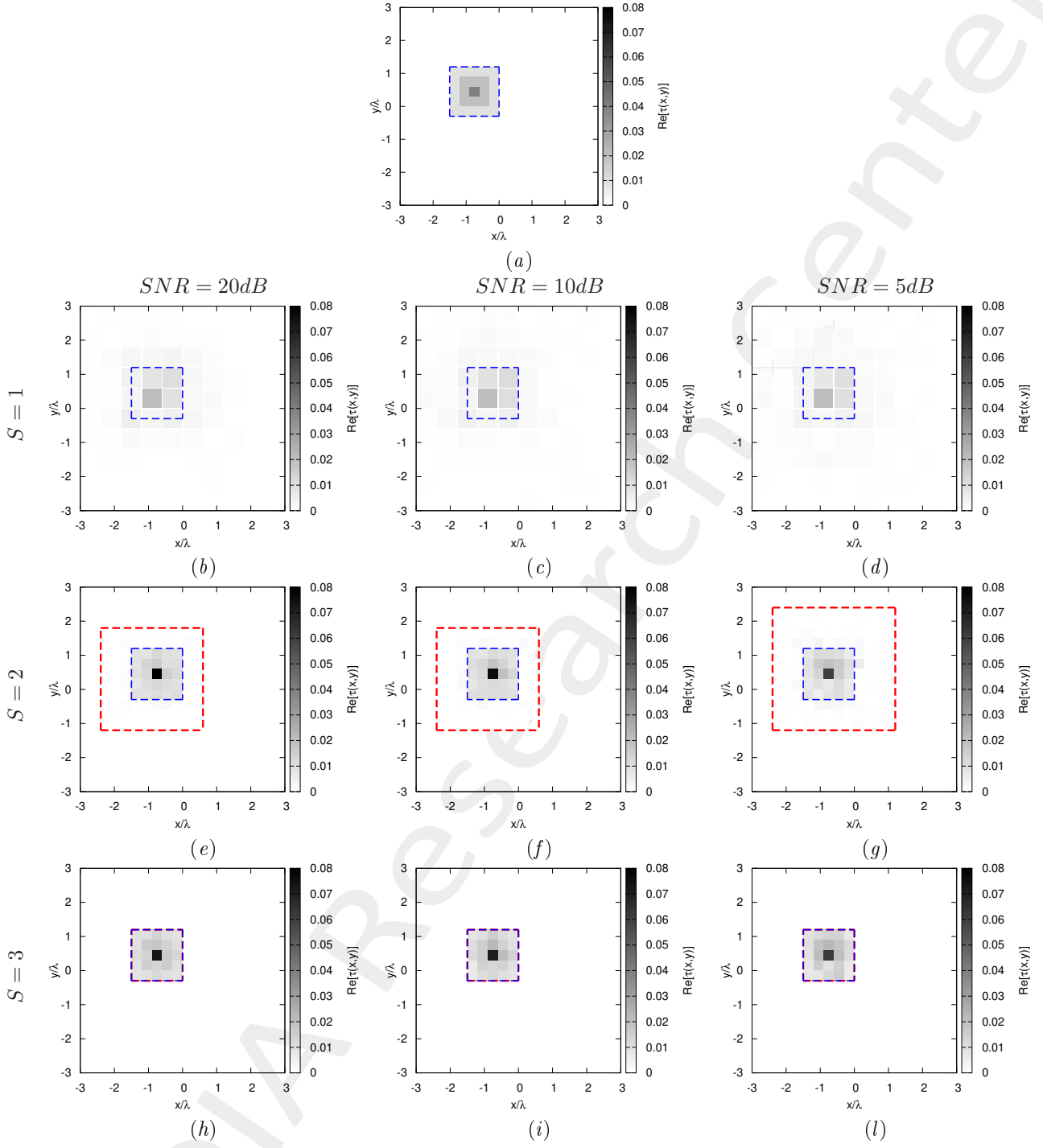


Figure 2: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau = 0.04$ - (a) Actual profile and (b)-(o) IMSA-BCS reconstructed profiles for (b)(e)(h) $SNR = 20$ [dB], (c)(f)(i) $SNR = 10$ [dB] and (d)(g)(l) $SNR = 5$ [dB] at the step (b)-(d) $S = 1$, (e)-(g) $S = 2$, and (h)-(l) $S = 3$.

	$SNR = 50dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	9.35×10^{-4}	3.25×10^{-4}	2.14×10^{-4}	2.14×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	5.22×10^{-3}	4.44×10^{-3}	3.42×10^{-3}	3.42×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	6.39×10^{-4}	5.09×10^{-5}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}
	$SNR = 20dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	9.36×10^{-4}	3.26×10^{-4}	2.13×10^{-4}	2.13×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	5.15×10^{-3}	4.43×10^{-3}	3.41×10^{-3}	3.41×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	6.40×10^{-4}	5.23×10^{-5}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}
	$SNR = 10dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	9.57×10^{-4}	3.19×10^{-4}	4.84×10^{-4}	2.33×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	5.09×10^{-3}	4.14×10^{-3}	7.75×10^{-3}	3.72×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	6.60×10^{-4}	6.18×10^{-5}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}
	$SNR = 5dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
ξ_{tot}	1.08×10^{-3}	4.22×10^{-4}	2.13×10^{-4}	2.13×10^{-4}
ξ_{int}	5.50×10^{-3}	3.93×10^{-3}	3.36×10^{-3}	3.36×10^{-3}
ξ_{ext}	7.56×10^{-4}	1.66×10^{-4}	0.00×10^{-1}	0.00×10^{-1}

Table III: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau = 0.04$ - Reconstruction errors: total (ξ_{tot}), internal (ξ_{int}) and external (ξ_{ext}) errors.

	$SNR = 50dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	175	175	175
$Q^{(S)}$	100	100	25	25
	$SNR = 20dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	175	175	175
$Q^{(S)}$	100	100	25	25
	$SNR = 10dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	175	175	175
$Q^{(S)}$	100	100	25	25
	$SNR = 5dB$			
	$S = 1$	$S = 2$	$S = 3$	$S = 4$
$L^{(S)}$	6.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
$N^{(S)}$	100	208	208	208
$Q^{(S)}$	100	144	25	25

Table IV: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$, $\tau = 0.04$ - Investigation domain parameters: restricted investigation domain size $L^{(S)}$, total number of cells $N^{(S)}$ and number of cells within the restricted domain size $Q^{(S)}$.

1.1.3 Inhomogeneous Square Object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Resume: Errors vs. $\tau^{(1)}$

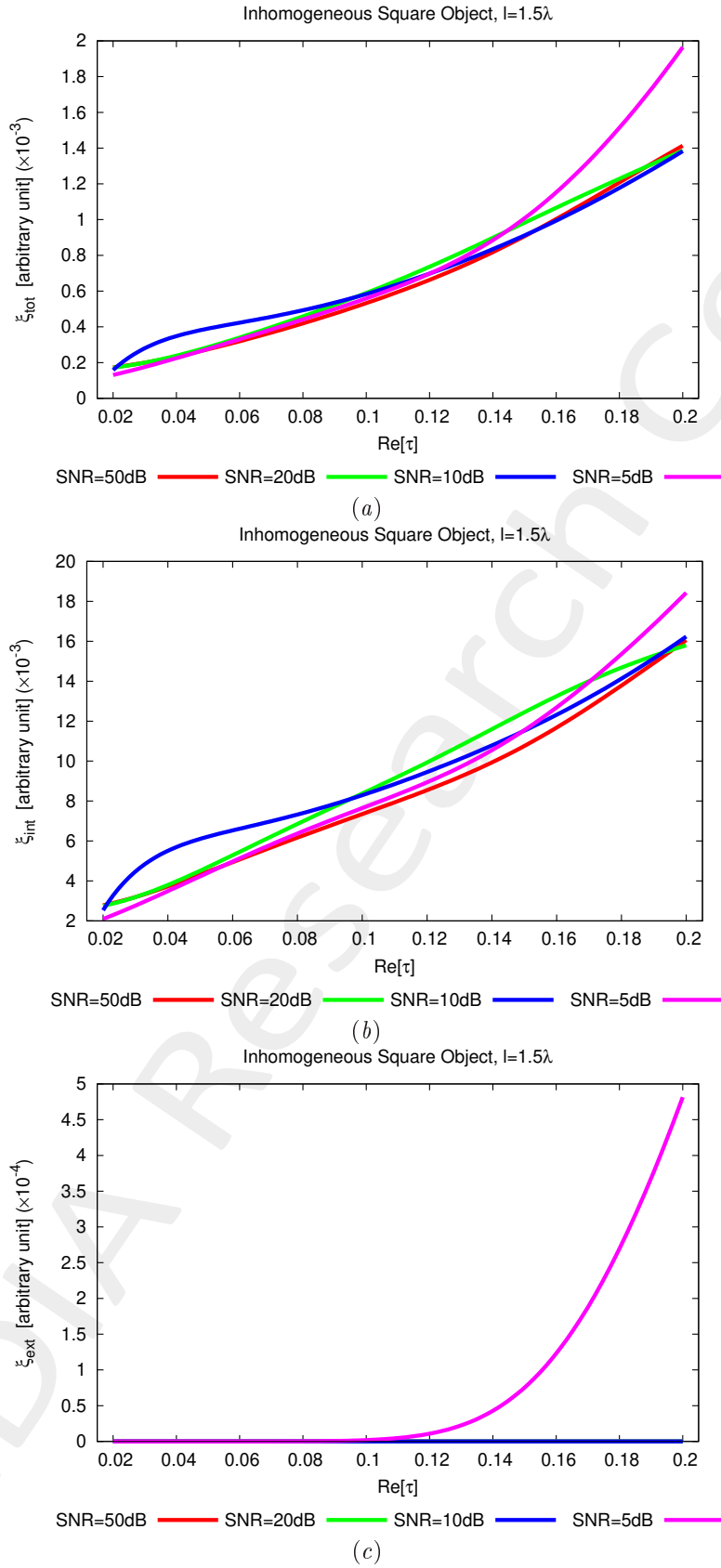


Figure 3: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Reconstruction errors vs. τ : (a) total error, (b) internal error and (c) external error.

1.1.4 Inhomogeneous Square Object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Resume: Errors vs. SNR

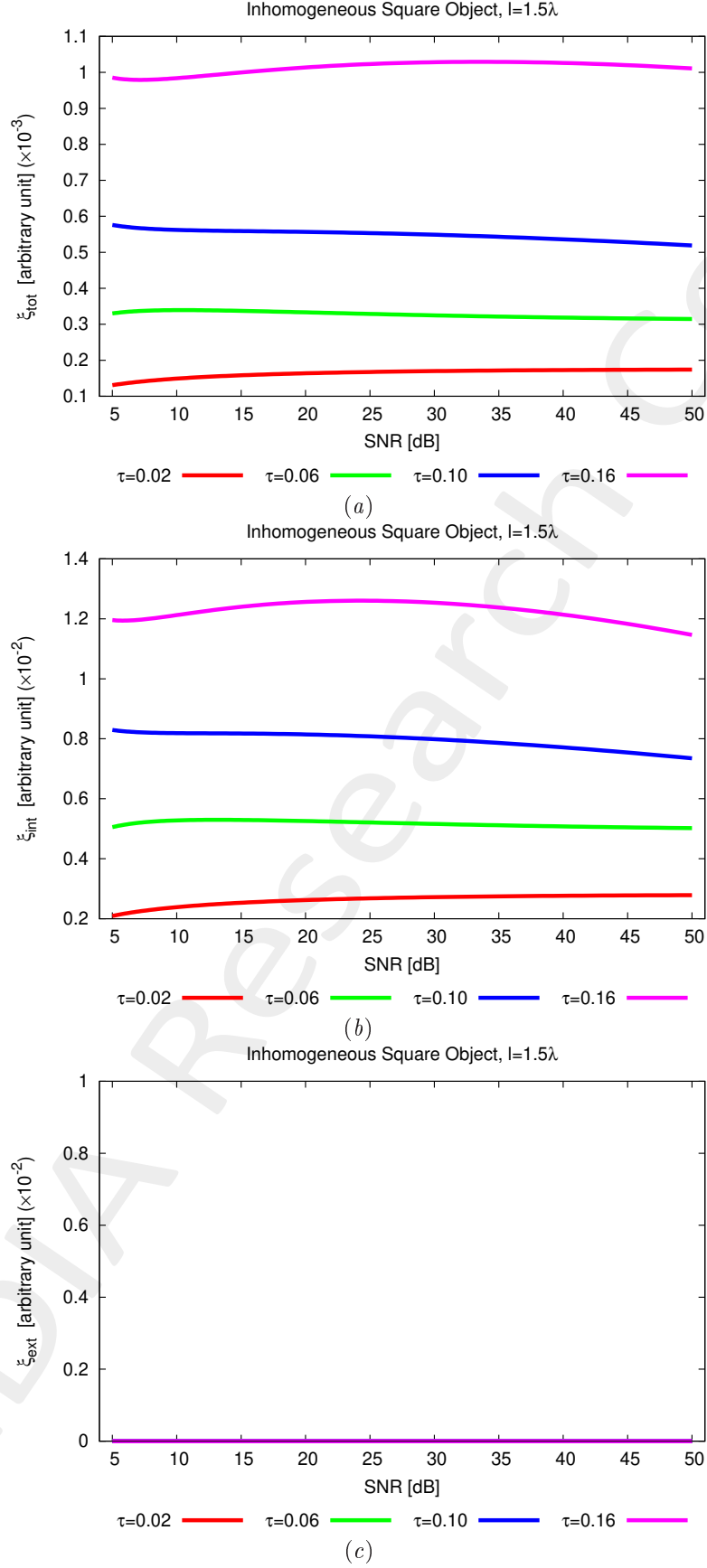


Figure 4: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Reconstruction errors vs. SNR : (a) total error, (b) internal error and (c) external error.

1.1.5 Inhomogeneous Square Object, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Resume: Errors vs. $IMSA$ step, S

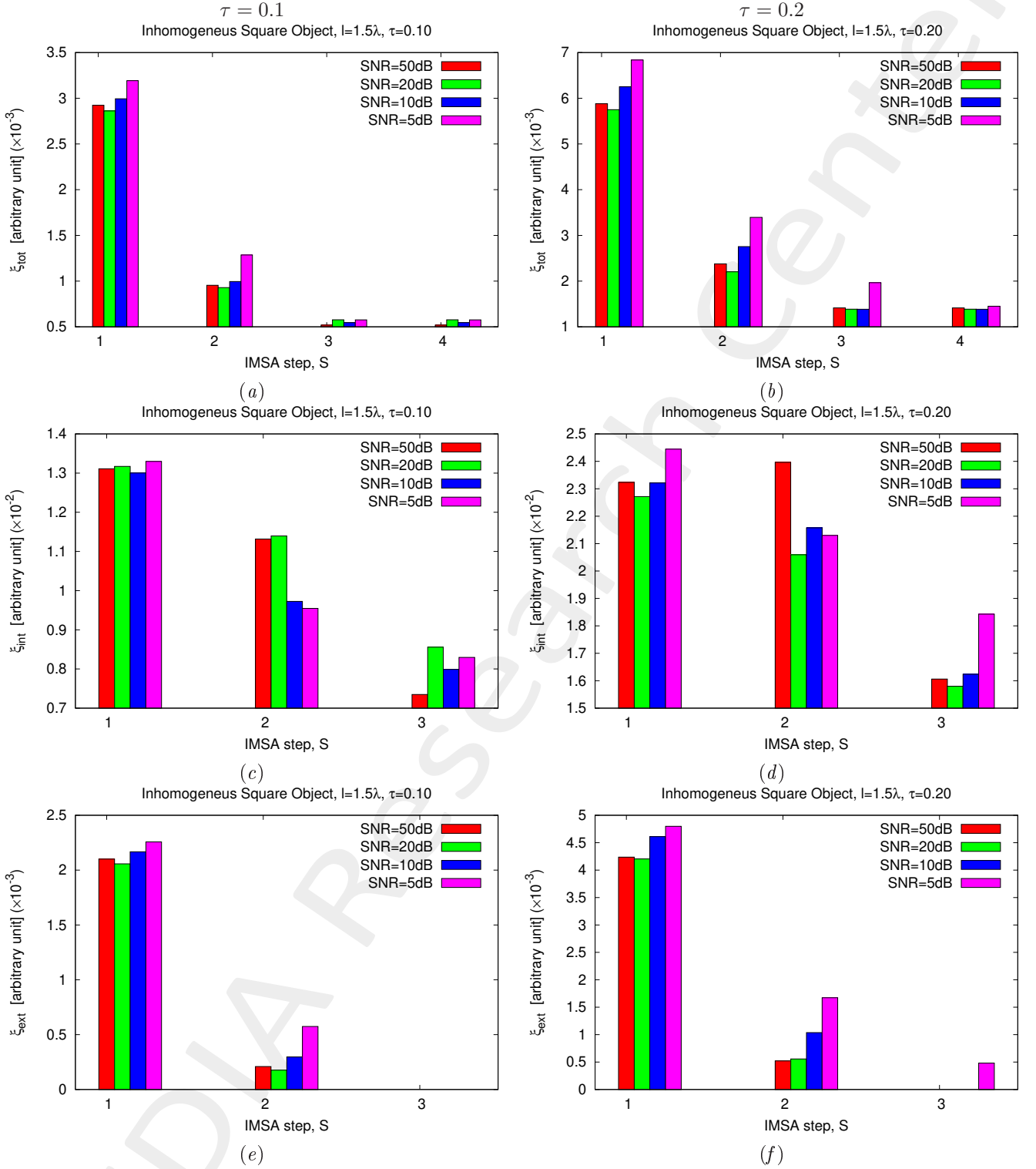


Figure 5: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Reconstruction errors vs. $IMSA$ step, S : (a)(b) total error, (c)(d) internal error and (e)(f) external error for (a)(c)(e) $\tau = 0.1$ and (b)(d)(f) $\tau = 0.2$.

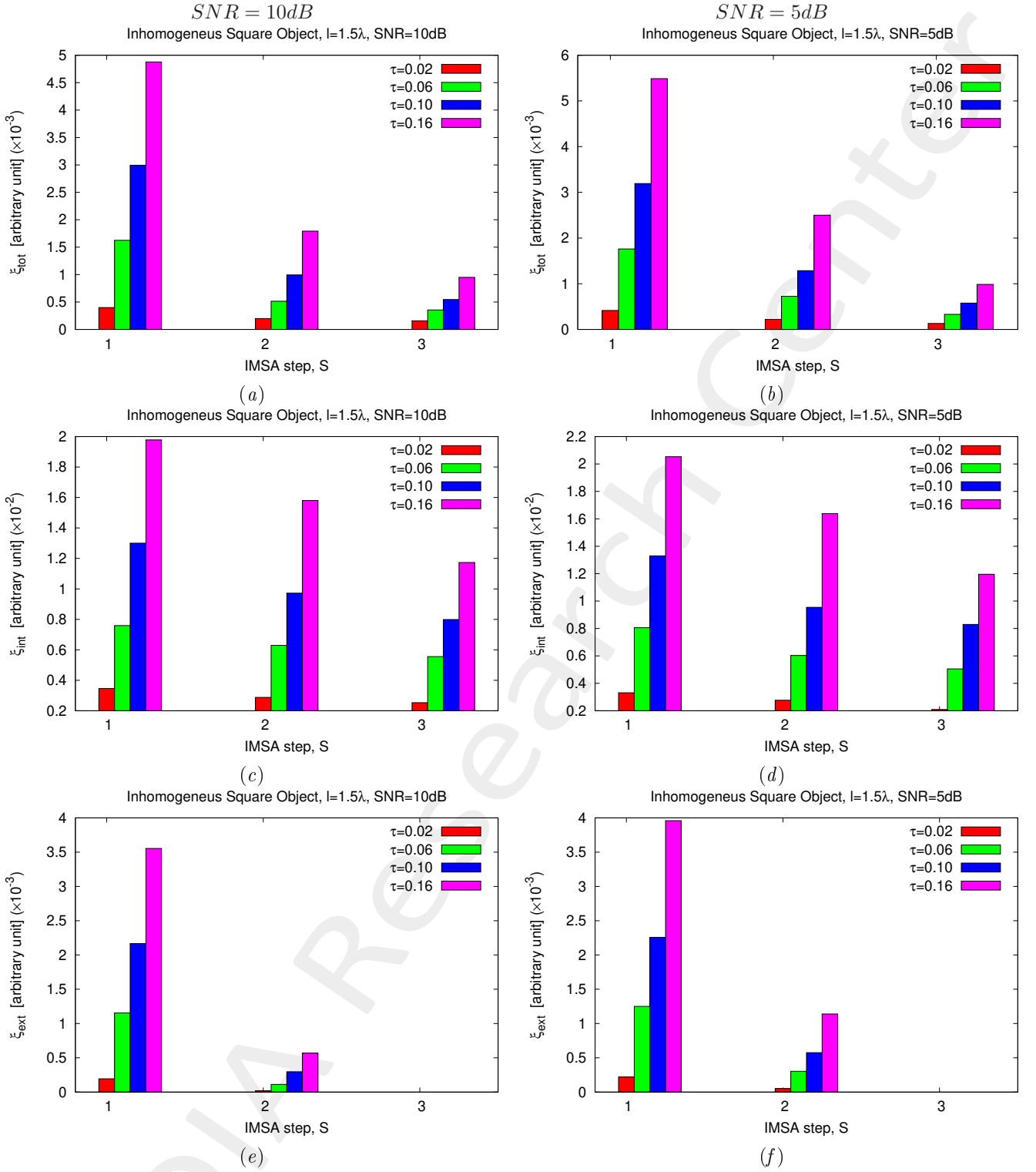


Figure 6: *Inhomogeneous Square Object*, $\ell = 1.5\lambda$ - Reconstruction errors vs. *IMSA* step, S : (a)(b) total error, (c)(d) internal error and (e)(f) external error for (a)(c)(e) $SNR = 10dB$ and (b)(d)(f) $SNR = 5dB$.

More information on the topics of this document can be found in the following list of references.

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